



Development of a KPI-based Model for (Urban) Mobility

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What are the goals?

Reduction of pollution

Reduction of congestion

Improvement of travel time

Address a certain user behaviour that needs to be changed

Willingness to adopt the scheme according to a changing environment

Public acceptance

Etc.

*Look for a
STRUCTURED
APPROACH!*

Empirical success factors

Reduced congestion that created a better accessibility and reduced travel time

Positive and measurable effects regarding pollution

High public acceptance

A strong political will to change the situation in a changing environment

Empirical success factors

Reduced congestion that created a better accessibility and reduced travel time

Positive and measurable effects regarding pollution

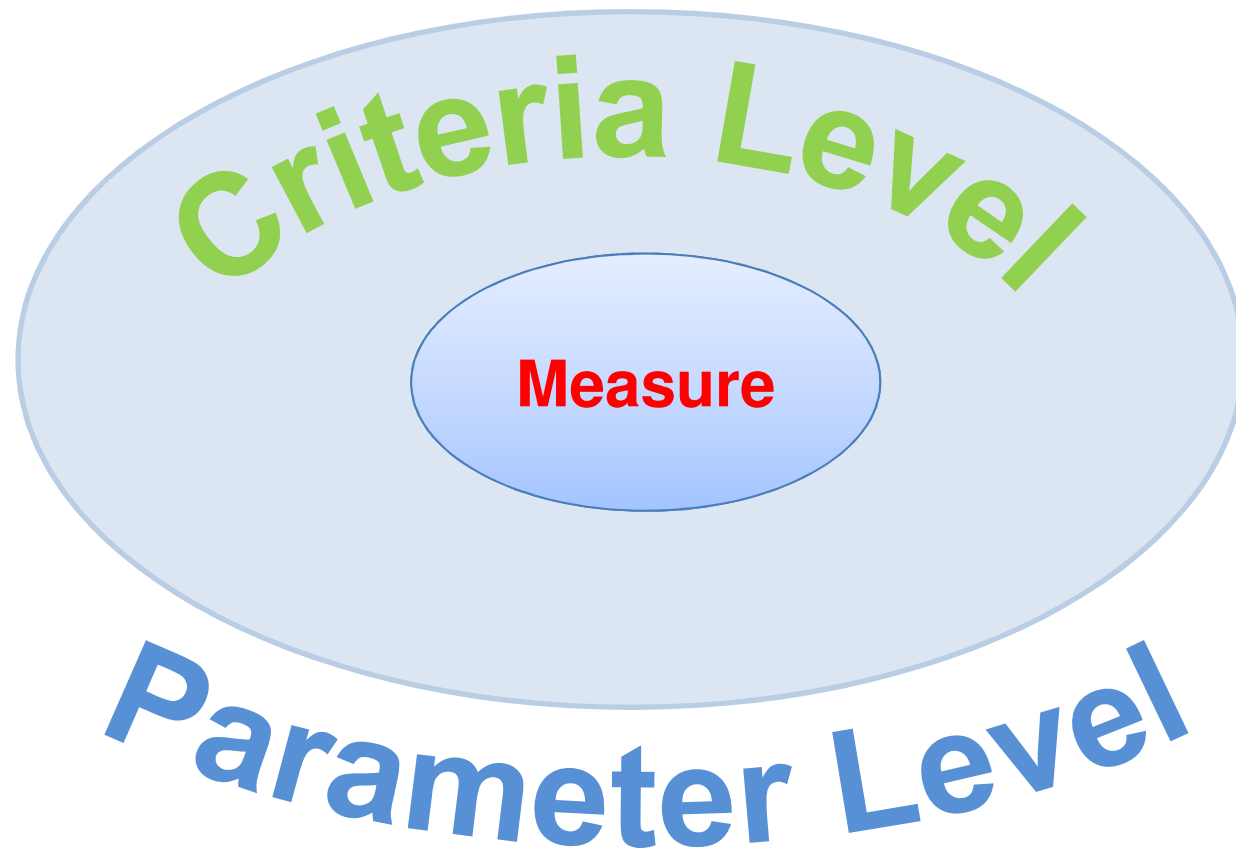
High public acceptance

Empiric observations are hard to transfer to other cities

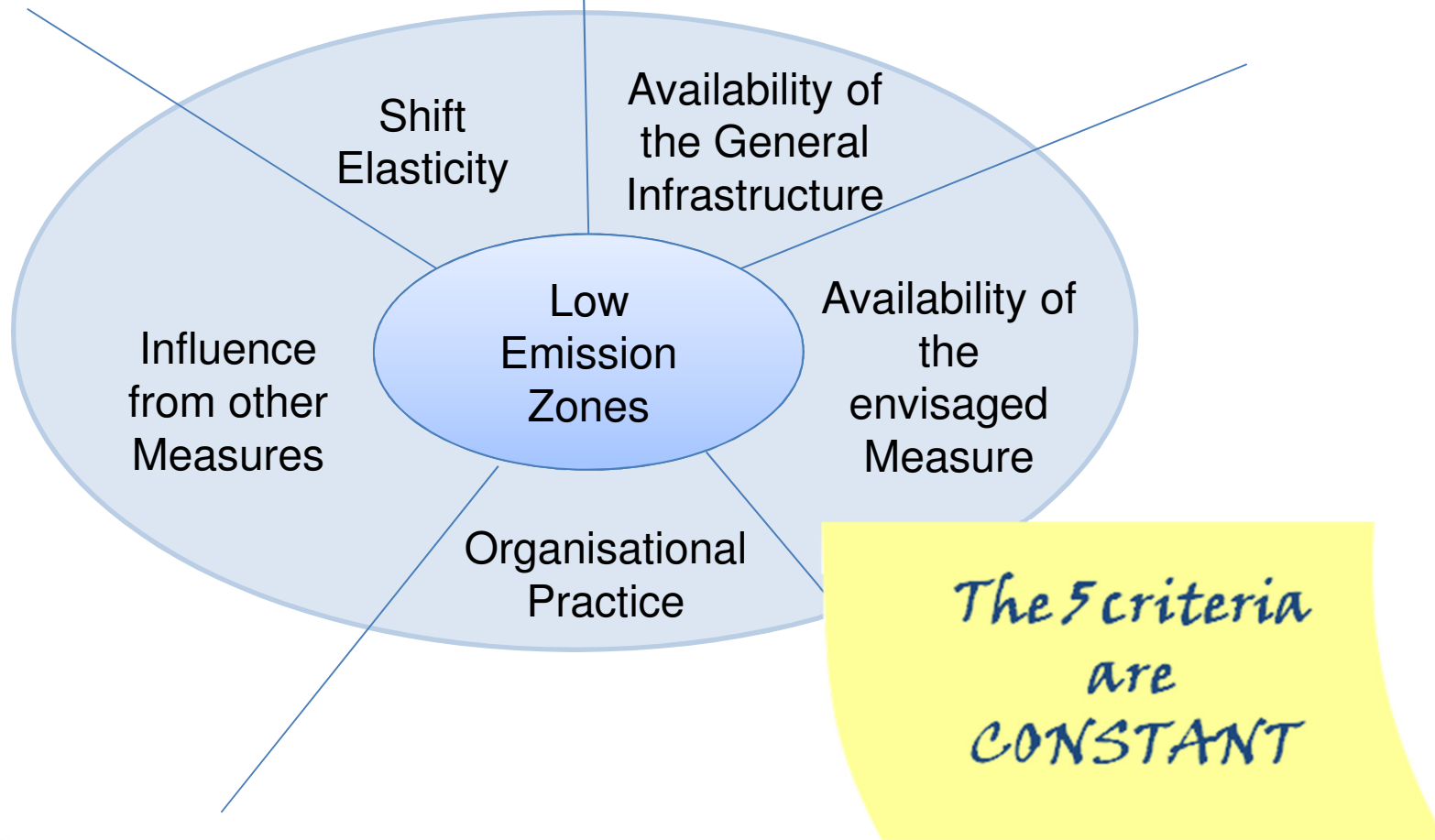
A structured approach based on measurable indicators increases the success probability and transferability

change the situation in

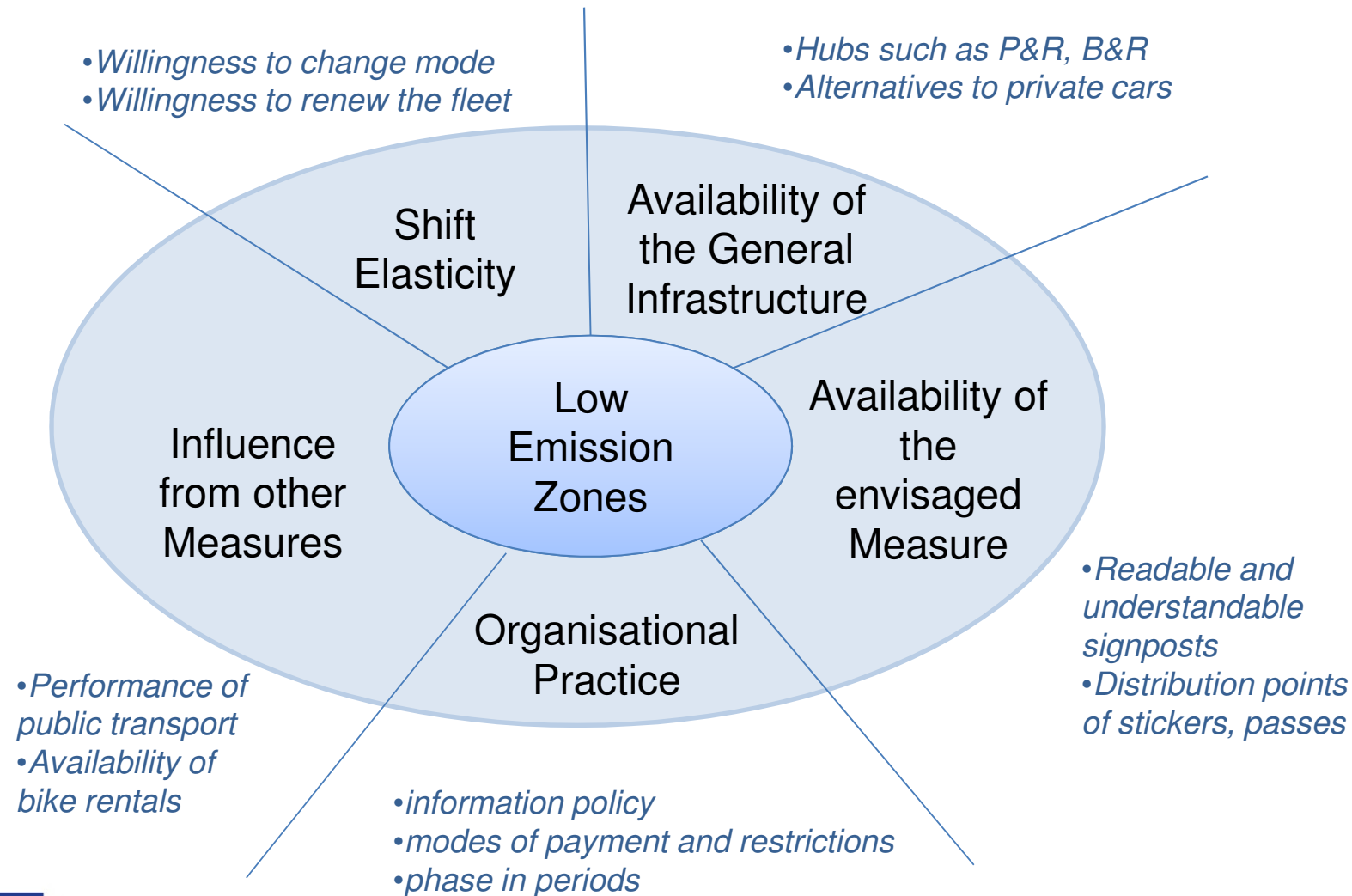
The Criteria and Parameters Model



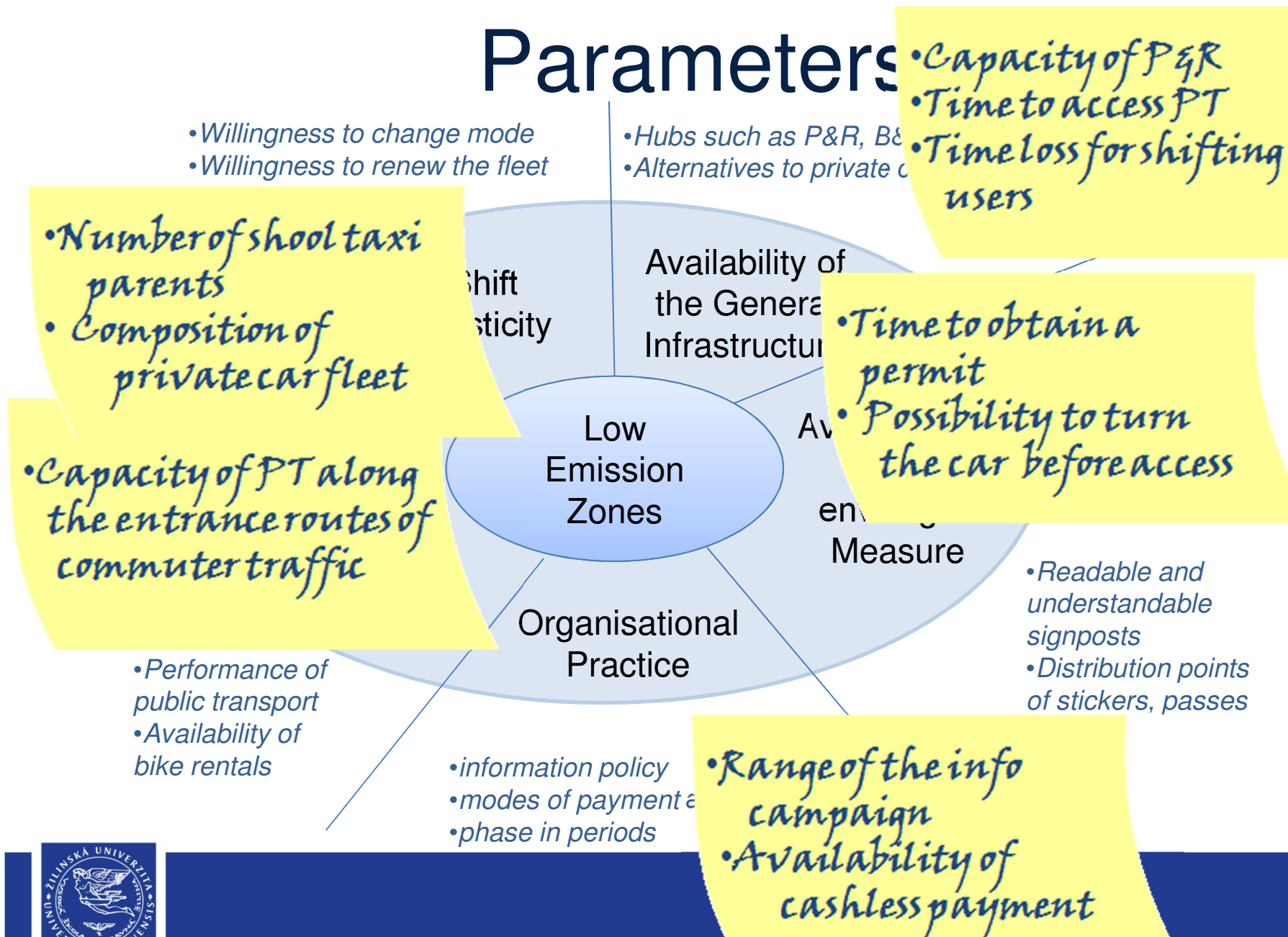
Criteria



Parameters



Parameters



Systematic KPI identification

Category	Properties	Parameters
General infrastructure regarding parking	Availability of on-street parking lots	Number of commuters using private cars and demanding on-street parking
	Etc.	Etc.
Infrastructure for park pricing	Availability of vending machines	Average time to obtain a parking ticket
	Etc.	Etc.
Organisational practice for selling tickets and enforcing violators	Etc.	Etc.
Influence from other measures	Etc.	Etc.
Shift Elasticity	Etc.	Etc.



Systematic KPI identification

*Example:
"Raise fees for
on-street
parking"*

*The 5 Categories
are constant*

Category	Properties	
	Availability of on-street parking lots	Number of commuters using private cars and demanding on-street parking
	Etc.	Etc.
Infrastructure for park pricing	Availability of vending machines	Average time to obtain a parking ticket
	Etc.	Etc.
Organisational measures for selling tickets for violators	mobility related <i>Properties</i> are collated that are unique for the respective application	Etc.
Influence from measures		
Shift Elasticity		

*Every property
can be described
by its technical
*Parameters**

Summary

The structured approach allows benchmarking of parameters

- faster benefit from other cities implementations
- Recognize required changes in a changing environment

Help for alignment is required

- Harmonizing the structured approach with the existing practice in cities

Transdisciplinary Conference



INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS: A TOOL OR A TOY?

Research and innovation opportunities and challenges for autonomous driving and new transport models.

22-23 November 2016, Zilina, Holiday Inn

The outcome of this co-organised event between the **COST Association** and the **University of Zilina**, namely the **ERA Chair project on ITS**, will contribute to the discussion on the deployment, impact and upcoming challenges faced by ITS at European level. Both organisers will count on their multiple knowledge and know-how on the topic through COST Actions and other European stakeholders active in ITS.



Thank you for your attention!

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The People in ERAciate

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